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THE IRISH NEWS.

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NEWS FROM IRELAND.

Dublin.

On the 26th ult., Cols. Warren and Halpin, with Capt. Costelloe, were removed from Mountjoy prison to Kingstown, whence they were forwarded to one of the English convict prisons. During transportation they were manacled, but were not clothed in prison garb.

The Freeman's Journal, of the 25th ult., says:—One of the wretched women who were confined in the van in which Kelly and Deasy were being conveyed at the time of the rescue, which led to the execution of the three victims of overstrained law, arrived in Dublin on Friday, Nov. 22. The woman swore at their trial to the identity of the young man Allen, and subsequently her terror, and probably remorse, was so great that she begged to be taken away from Manchester before the day of execution. In deference to her feelings she was removed, and now she is located in Dublin, and probably enjoying the congenial society of Messrs. Corydon, Detaining, Massey & Co.

On Sunday, 17th ult., two men, named Feahy and McGarry, were arrested on suspicion of Fenianism, the one in Dargan street and the other in Blackhall street, Dublin. They were subsequently lodged in the Kilmainham Jail, under the warrant of the Lords Justices.

Thomas Francis, said to be a Fenian Centre, and one who has taken an active part in the movement, was arrested at his residence in New st. Dublin, on the 26th ult., and conveyed to Kilmainham jail.

On the night of the 25th ult., Mr. James Fitzharris, of Marlborough st., Dublin, was arrested by Inspector Burke, of the C Division, for having in his possession two pistols and a quantity of ammunition without license.

John Walsh, recently arrested for attempting to shoot a policeman who was trying to arrest one of the parties who on the night of Oct. 20 fired at the informer, George Reilly, in Blackrock, has been committed for trial at next commission.

Patrick Carroll, a respectable young man, living at 140 Abbey st., Dublin, was recently arrested for having on his person an American dagger, and some correspondence from a prisoner in Mountjoy prison. He was subsequently discharged on giving bail for good behavior for six months. Thomas Carroll, of 104 Bride st., and Thomas Cahill, of 16 Trinity st., became his sureties.

Mr. Foley, the artist, announces that the completion of his model of the O'Connell monument is being packed by the workmen for transmission to Dublin, and that it will be forwarded without delay.

Wicklow.

A man named Sutton, residing at Glanmaullon, was recently arrested on suspicion of poaching in Powerscourt deer park. On his house being searched, a splendid haunch of venison and the skin of a deer were found. Sutton is a tenant of Lord Powerscourt, and known as a quack doctor. Heavy bail has been taken for his appearance for trial.

Wexford.

The Wexford Independent says:—Thomas Edwards, Esq., railway contractor, and some of the engineers connected with the Dublin, Wicklow and Wexford Railway Company, visited Enniscorthy on Monday, Nov. 25, for purpose, it is stated, of making preparations for immediately commencing the work on the extension of the line to Wexford.

In Enniscorthy, on Friday, 22d ult., a laborer named Francis Murphy, when going to his work, shut up his son, three years of age, alone in his house, who, in the absence of his farther, by some means or other got some lucifer matches, one or more of which, when ignited, set fire to his clothes, and the unfortunate child was burned to death. The house also took fire, and entirely consumed. [The above is from the Dublin Freemon, which, however, does not tell how it found out that the child fired the house as described.]

Kildare.

The Leinster Express says:—In romance and lay the glories of "the good old coaching days" have from time immemorial been sounded forth; but in late years song and story have fallen into a doleful key, attributable, as it is, to the advance of the "iron horse." There is no stage route more venerable than that from Ballitore to Dublin, via Naas; but it has had at last to succumb to the inevitable. On Thursday, Nov. 21, Mr. R. Cunningham, auctioneer, Kill, brought under the hammer the entire coaching establishment of Mr. Clarke, Naas, when several excellent "roadsters" were knocked down after a spirited bidding.

Kilkenny.

Mr. Wm. O'Donnell, T. C. will be Mayor of Kilkenny for the ensuing year. Mr. Patrick Hart, formerly of Waterford, has been elected Town Councillor in the St. John's Ward, Kilkenny.

On the night of the 22d ult., the haggard of Mr. Daniel O'Neill, Whytemount, near Callan, was discovered on fire. Two stacks were ignited. One contained about 40 barrels of wheat, and the other 30 barrels of oats. Property to the value of £125 was lost. The fire is imputed to incendiarism.

Carlow.

Two men, named Michael Hosey and Michael Fitzpatrick, have been committed to jail for sheep stealing under the following circumstances, developed at the Graigue police barrack on the 22d ult.: Michael Hosey was herd to Mr. J. G. Adair, and Michael Byrne a herd of Mr. Thomas Lacey, for the past five and a half years, attending sheep and cattle in the Queen's County, within a short distance of Carlow. Since March last Mr. Lacey lost twenty sheep, and Mr. Jas. Heron five off the adjoining field, but no clue could be found as to the perpetrators of the offence, till recently a man named Byrne was arrested for selling sheep stolen from Lacey. Byrne thereupon, informed on the others, with whom he had a partnership, he providing the sheep, while they sold them and divided the money. The trial will take place at the next Maryborough assizes.

King's County

In the Court of Exchequer, Dublin, before the Chief Baron, a breach of promise of marriage case, entitled "Catherine Johnson v. George Champ," was recently tried. Damages was laid at £300. There was also a count for assault and battery, for which damages to the amount of £100 were sought. The plaintiff resides with her brother, Armstrong Johnston, at Deer Park, near Portalington, in the Queen's County; and the defendant, who is a farmer resides within about three-quarters of a mile of plaintiff's residence. It was sworn that defendant, after forsaking plaintiff, on whose finger he had, before witness, put an engagement ring, an event which was duly solemnized by the drinking of three bottles of ale, had married a cousin of his, a Miss Champ. Such championship on the part of defendant, a youth who, Mr. Dowse, Q. C., said, "was about ten acres of the best land from Dublin to Portarlington, with a pit of potatoes the length of half a street," was objected to by plaintiff, who is in her 23d year. The jury found a verdict in favor of the girl, awarding her £15 as damages and 6d. costs.

Louth.

On the 10th ult., the convent of our Lady of Mercy, in Ardee, was the scene of a solemn profession and reception, at which the Most Rev. Dr. Kieran, Primate of all Ireland, officiated. The young lady professed, and who received the habit of the order, was Miss Pally, of the county of Down, the name in religion being Sister Mary Joseph of the Sacred Heart, and the lay Sister who sought the holy privilege of assuming the white veil was Miss Mary Callan, called in religion Sister Aloysius, youngest daughter of Mr. Thomas Callan, of Shatlis.

The Catholics of Dunleer have purchased the late residence in Dunleer, of J. P. Kelly, Esq., known as "The Villa," for their esteemed and respected pastor, the Rev. Mr. Dooley. The price paid was £420, and they have resolved to expend £300 in making improvements upon the house and grounds.

Cork.

On the night of the 27th ult., 120 revolvers and eight Snider rifles were stolen from the establishment of Messrs. Richardson, gunmaker, Patrick st., Cork. The premises were closed at six o'clock, as usual, and next morning the back door was found open. No clue to the perpetrators was discovered.

The Cork Examiner, of the 26th ult., says:—It is stated that arrangements are in contemplation for a funeral procession in at least one district of the city next Sunday, as a mark of mouning for the men executed at Manchester on Saturday. In addition to the public manifestations of sorrow already published, the temperance rooms in the city were hung with emblems of mourning on Sunday, and when the funds of the societies afforded, black drapery was extensively employed. A Protestant gentleman in the neighborhood who had issued cards of invitation for a party at his residence on Saturday, postponed the event on learning the fate of the prisoners.

The same journal adds:—"Recently a few young men belonging to Queenstown organized a brass band, and up to Sunday their performances were confined to a room, which the principal rented, on Harbor-hill. They selected last Sunday to make their debat; and having hired two boats the whole band went about the harbor playing a variety of airs.—They came on shore in the evening, and continued the performance through the town, indeed to the annoyance of the inhabitants, became the rendering of the music was very indifferent. The band soon returned to their room and deposited their instruments there, which usual place of keeping. At an early hour yesterday morning, in the neighborhood of Harbor-Hill, fragments of all the different instruments were found strewn about; and it was further found that the room had been broken into, the instruments and decorations, being completely demolished. It is easy to account for this proceeding. It was generally believed that this musical demonstration was in rejoicing for the fate of the unfortunate men who were immolated on the scaffold the provious day at Manchester. No clue has been had to the parties who committed the outrage."

Limerick.

The Reporter of the 27th ult., says:—The annual Bazaar in aid of the Magdalen Asylum, attached to the convert of the nuns of the Good Shepard, Clare st., was opened on to day, at the Town Hall, and whether we consider the magnificent array of beautiful prizes with which the various stalls were crowded, or the ardor with which the good promoters of this noble work, whose numbers the large attendance at the Town Hall to day proved not to be few, exerted themselves in its behalf, we unhesitatingly say that the success which is likely to attend the Bazaar will be unprecedented.

The Limerick correspondent of the Cork Examiner, under date 25th Nov. says:—The anxiety to get a full account of the executions of Saturday was displayed to a very great extent here this morning; and the rush for papers, especially the Cork papers, was something astonishing. The prayers of the congregations for the repose of the souls of unfortunate men were invoked in the several chapels of this city.

In Kilmallock, on the 8th ult., a man named Michael Roche was remanded to jail on charge of having dangerously stadbed a man named Edward Slyne. The affair arose in a drunken brawl, when the all but fatal stab was given. Another man named Sheehan was also stabbed, but, happily, not dangerously.

Tipperary.

The public car station in Clonmel which used to be at Mr. Giltenan's in Bagwell st., has been changed to Miss Gleeson,s hotel Johnson st.,

Rody Murphy, of Tipperary, shopkeeper and law clerk, has been gazetted as insolvent.

Waterford.

The Waterford News of the 29th ult., says:—On Sunday evening last an affray took place at Fennor near Tramore, which has since terminated fatally for one of the parties engaged, the primary cause being the debasing indulgence in intoxicating drink. On the evening named, two parties of men were drinking in a public house, and, after some time, one of the two parties left for home. On the waw, Thomas Flynn, a youth bearing a peaceable character, thought he missed one of his comrades and returned to the public house to find him. Outside the door he met the members of the other party, and from them he inquired for his absent companion. One of the party cried out to a comrade, on Flynn repeating the inquiry, "why do you answer him—strike him." The other, it appears, withott any hesitation, raised a heavy blackthorn stick, struck poor Flynn a fearful blow on the head, and felled him to the ground, fracturing his skull. Flynn lingered until Tuesday evening, when he died. A man named John Walsh has been committed to jail on charge of the homicide.

Antrim.

The amount of duty paid at the Belfast Custom-house, for the week ending Nov. 26d, was £23,769 14s. 3d.s against £20,159 1s. 6d. the previous week, and 14,276 4s. 7d. same time last year. The number of pounds of tea entered for consumption at Belfast for the week ending November 23d was 92,267lbs. against 120,574lbs. the previous week, marking a total of 3,129,328lbs. since 1st January, against 2,916,688lbs same time last year.

A man advanced in years, who gave his name as Lynn, was recently arrested in Portrush on a charge af Fenianism. He was lodging with a respectable widow lady named Porter, and it was from her house he was taken. He was conveyed to to Ballymoney Bridewell with the view of having him removed to Belfast.

The Northern Whig says: On Sunday, November 24, a man named Charles Ferguson was arrested in a boarding house in Tomb-street by Acting-constable Kearney and Subconstable Briton. During the day, an investigation was held in the police office, before Mr. William Mullan, J. P.; Mr. Orme, R. M.; Mr. O'Donnell, R. M.; and Sub-inspector Harvey, when the the prisoner, who states he came from Glasgow, was remanded for a week.

Monaghan.

"A Monaghan Priest" writes to the Dundalk Democrat, of November 30, suggesting that in every parish in Ireland, on the 23d of December, there be a public "Month's Mind" held for the repose of the souls of the three Manchester Fenian martyrs.

Cavan.

The Poor Law Commissioners have, by a recent sealed order, advanced the salary of Rev. James Bones, Presbyterian chaplain to the Cootehill Workhouse. from £15 to £20 per annum, taking effect from its date.

Galway.

In the Probate Court, Dublin, Judge Keating presiding a suit was recently brought by Right Rev. Dr. Gillooly, Bishop of Elphin, to establish the will of the late Mr. George O'Beirne, of Coolock, county of Galway.—The Bishop was named executor in the will to carry out certain religious trusts. The niece of the testator was the defendant, the will being disptted on her behal by her mother. Messrs. P. Kennedy and Jas. Hurley proved the execution of the will by deceased.

The Executions In Manchester.

On September 18th it became known in Manchester that the recently arrested Fenian Republican Leaders, Colonels Kelly and Dacey, would be remanded from the Police Court to the jail, previous to being sent off to Ireland. Telegrams were dispatched from Government officials in London and Dublin to warn the Manchester officials against any attempt at rescue. Extra precautions were taken. However, when the police van came galloping with its guardians and prisoners, it was brought to a sudden halt by the onset of a party from an ambuscade. They were completely successful. Colonels Kelly and Dacey were liberated; but, unfortunately, it was found that to burst open the van door a pistol should be discharged into the lock. The ball killed Sergeant Brett, a constable in the van, who had refused to deliver up the keys when asked. The attacking party, however, though hard pressed by the constables and others, killed none of them as they might easily have done, had their intentions been murderous. When Kelly was released, it has been stated that a young man (Allen) was heard to exclaim, "Oh, Kelly, I'd die for you!" He was taken with a number of others. Instead of trying the men for what was a political offence, as plainly so as to rescue Garibaldi, Kossuth, or of Jefferson Davis, Government took the invidious course of trys ing them as murderers! The press of England, with a few liberal exceptions, howled for their blood, and denounced them to death before trial. Government, without allowing the panic fury of the burghers to cool, sent a Special Commission; and, though the eminent counsel pleaded for a short delay, as it was impossible to be ready at so short a notice, or to have a fair trial in such circumstance, the request was refused. One of the judges, specially sent down, was noted as the "hanging judge." The witnesses contradicted themselves and each other, many times; but the jury brought in their verdict of guilty against the first batch of five prisoners. The second judge said the propriety of the verdict could not be questioned; yet all the reporters in court drew up a petition in favor of one of them (Maguire) and this was backed by others. This man's innocence was acknowledged in a few days by a full pardon; he had not been there at all. Another man—Shore or Condon—an American born citizen, was reprieved. Yet seven witnesses, at least, swore to Maguire's presence; and these witnesses gave testimony against Allen, Larkin and O'Brien. If they were mistaken if perjured, in one case it was impossible to believe them in any. They were declared to be mistaken or perjurers; but those three Irishmen were executed! Again, if the jury's verdict of guilty was false and mistaken in one case, it was impossible to rely on it in any. But those three men were hanged under it.

The prisoners are described as prepossessing in appearance. Philip Allen was a youth of only nineteen years. His chestnut curls clustered over a pale brow and thoughtful face. The absence of any beard gave to his features delicate but firm, a peculiarly youthful appearance, while a cast of melancholy tinged his glance. Michael Larkin was aged but thirty-two, had the seeming of an honest, upright, hard working artisan; all of which he was, and yet more, the kindest of husbands and tenderest of fathers. Michael O'Brien, the third prisoner, was a tall and fine looking man, with a steadfast glance and resolute brow. Aged about thirty, he had been in the United States for many years, was an adopted citizen of that country, and claimed—in vain—from Ambassador Adams that the right of alien should be respected in his person.

The verdict was given on November 1. "On the prisoners being asked whether they had anything to say, Allen said:

"My Lords and Gentlemen—It is not my intention to occupy much of your time in answering your question. Your question is one that can be easily asked, but requires an answer which I am unable to give. Abler and more eloquent men could not answer it. What availed it to the men who have stood in the dock—Burke, Emmet and others who have stood in the dock in defence of their country? When the question was put what availed their answer? Their reply was null and void. No man in this court regrets the death of Sergeant Brett more than I do, and I positively say, in the presence of the Almighty and ever-living God, that I am innocent, ay, as innocent as any man in this court. I don't say this for the sake of mercy; I waint no merey—I'll have no mercy. I'll die as many more that I have mentioned have died, for the sake of their beloved land and in defence of it. I will die proudly and triumphantly in defence of Republican principles and the liberty of an oppressed and enslaved people. It is possible we are asked why sentence should not be passed upon us, on the evidence of prostitutes of the streets of Manchester, fellows out of work, convicted felons—ay, an an Irishman is senenced to be hung when an English dog would have got off? I say, positively and defiantly, justice has not been done since I was arrested. If justice had been done me, I would not have been handcuffed at the preliminary investigation at Bridge street; and in this court justice has not been done me in any shape or form. I was brought up here and all the prisoners by my side were allowed to wear overcoats, and I was told to take mine off. What is the meaning of that? There was something in that action, and I say positively justice has not been done me. As for the other prisoners, they can speak for themselves with respect to that matter. And now, with regard to the way I have been identified, I have to say that my clothes were kept for four hours by the policemen in Fairfield station, and shown to parties to identify me as being one of the perpetrators of the outrage on Hyde road. In Albert street station also there was a handkerchief kept on my head the whole night, so that I could be identified the next morning by the witnesses. I was ordered to leave on the handkerchief for the purpose that the witnesses could more plainly see I was one of the parties who committed the outrage. As for myself, I feel the righteousness of every act with regard to what I have done in defence of my country. I fear not—I am fearless, fearless of the punishment that can be inflicted on me; and with that, my lords, I have done—after a moments pause—I beg to be excused. One remark more. I return Mr Seymour and Mr. Jones my sincere and heartfelt thanks for their able eloquence and advocacy of my part of this affray. I wish also to return to Mr. Roberts the very same. My name, sir, might be wished to be known. It is not William O'Meara Allen. My name is William Philip Allen. I was born and reared in Bandon, in the county of Cork, and from that place I take my name; and I am proud of my country and of my parentage. My lords, I have done.

There was a movement, half of emotion, half applauce in the court when he concluded. It seemed as if the spectators thought "this youth looks most unlike a murderer, and speaks as though he felt like a patriot." When it ceased, stood forward the prisoner, Michael Larkin. The single-heartedness and kindly nature of the man were evident from his words. He spoke as follows:

"I have only a word or two to say concerning Sergeant Brett. As my frieud here said, no one can regret the man's death more than I do. With regard to the charge, I call my God as witness that I neither used pistol, revolver, or any instrument on that day that would sacrifice the life of a child, let alone a man Nor did I go there to take life away. Certainly, my lords, I do not want to deny that I did go there to give aid and assistance to those two noble heroes who were confined in that van—Kelly and Dacey. I did go to do as much as lay in my power to extricate them from their bondage, But I did not go to take life, my lords, nor did any one else. It is a misfortune that life was taken; but if life was taken, it was not done intentionally, and the man who did take it has not been arrested. I was at the scene of action, where there was standing by, I dare say, over one hundred and fifty people. I am very sorry to have it to say, my lords, but I thought I would have some respectable people come up as witnesses against me. I will, however, make no further remark concerning that. All I have to say, my lords and gentlemen, is that so far as my trial went, and the way it has been conducted, I have got a fair trial. With regard to my counsel, I believe I have got a fair trial. With regard to my counsel, I wish to say that they did their utmost towards protecting my life; likewise my worthy solicitoy, Mr. Roberts, who did his best in my regard. I believe the old saying is a true one, that what is decreed a man in the page of life he has to fulfil it, either on the gallows, or drowning, or a fair death in bed, or on the battle-field. So I look to the mercy of God. May God forgive all who have sworn my life away. As I am a dying man I forgive them from the bottom of my heart. May God forgive them."

Michael O'Brien, one of the hanged at Manchester, England, when asked by the judge if he had anything to say, replied: "Every witness that has sworn anything against me has sworn what is false. I have not told a false story in my recollection since I was a boy. I had no pistol in my possession on the day this outrage is alleged to have been committed. You call it an outrage—I don't. I was born in the county of Cork, and have the honor to be a fellow parishioner with Peter O'Neil Crowley, who was fighting against the British troops in Mitchelstown last March, and who fell fighting against British tyranny in Ireland. I am a citizen of the United States of America, and if Charles Francis Adams had done his duty towards me, as he is paid to do in this country, I would not be in this dock answering your questions now. Mr. Adams did not come, though I wrote to him. He did not come to see if I could not find evidence to disprove the charge, which I positively could if he had taken the trouble of sending or coming to see what I could do. I hope the American people will notice that part of the business. The service of man is freedom. The great God has endowed him with affections that he may use, not smother them, and a world that it may be enjoyed. Once a man is satisfied he is doing right, and attempts to do anything with that conviction, he must be willing to face the consequences. Ireland, with its beautiful scenery, its delightful climate, its rich and productive lands, is capable of supporting more than treble its population in ease and comfort. Yet no man, except a paid official of the British Government, can say there is a shadow of liberty, that there is a spark of glad life amongst its plundered and persecuted inhabitants. It is to be hoped that its imbecile and tyrannical rulers will be forever driven from her soil, amidst the execrations of the world. How beautifully the aristocrats of England moralize on the despotism of the rulers of Italy and Dahomey—in the case of Naples with what indignation did they speak of the ruin of families by the detention of the head or some loved member in prison. Who has not heard their condemnation of the tyranny that would compel honorable and good men to spend their useful lives in hopeless banishment?

Mr. Justice Blackburn—"I advise you to say nothing more of that sort. I do so entirely for your own sake."

O Brien—"Well, sir, I prefer saying it. They cannot find words to express their horror of the cruelties of the King of Dohemy because he sacrificed 2,000 human beings yearly; but why don't those persons who pretend such virtuous indignation at the misgovernment of other countries and people look at home, and see if greater crimes than these they charge against other governments are not committed by themselves or by their sanction. Let them look at London, and see the thousands that want bread there, while those aristocrats are rioting in luxuries and crimes. Look to Ireland—see the hundreds and thousands of its people in misery and want. See the virtuous, beautiful, and industrious women who only a few years ago—ay, and yet—are obliged to look at their children dying for want of food. Look at what is called the majesty of the law on one side, and the long deep misery of a noble people on the other. Which are the young of Ireland to respect—the law that murders or banishes their people; or the means to resist relentless tyranny and of ending their miseries forever under a home government? I need not answer that question here. I trust the Irish people will answer it to their satisfaction soon. I am not astonished at my conviction. The government of this country have the power of convicting any person. They appoint the judge; they choose the jury; and by means of what is called patronage (which is the means of corruption) they have the power of making the laws to suit their purpose. I am confident that my blood will rise a thousand fold against the tyrants who think proper to commit such an outrage. In the first place, I say I was identified improperly by having chains on my hands and feet at the time of identification, and thus the witnesses who have sworn to my throwing stones and firing a pistol have sworn to what is false, for I was, as those ladies said, at the jail gates. I thank my counsel for their able defense, and also Mr. Roberts for his attention to my case."

Maguire, the marine, who has since been granted a free pardon, next spoke. after him stood Edward O'Meagher Connor, known as Shore, whose sentence has since been respited. At the conclusion of his address he exclaimed, "God save Ireland,"

Immediately the cry of "God save Ireand," resounded through the court from the lips and hearts of the other prisoners. No doubt but they were political prisoners.

Michael O'Brien stepped forward again, when the echoes had died away, and added his declaration of a willingness to meet death:

"I wish to add a word or two. There is nothing in the close of my political career which I regret. I don't know of one act which could bring the blush of shame to my face, or make me afraid to meet my God or fellow-man. I would be most happy, and nothing would give me greater pleasure than to die on the field for my country, in defence of her liberties. As it is, I cannot die on the field, but I can die on the scaffold, I hope, as a soldier, a man and a Christian."

Thereupon the usual proclamation was made, the judges hid their heads in black caps, and delivered a sentence of death. But no prisoner flinched before his British judges. When the sentence was pronounced, they reached over and shook hands with their counsel and warm hearted solicitor. Then, as the prisoners left the dock, O'Brien exclaimed; "God save Ireland," and the other prisoners answered fervently, "and her people."

When it became known that the death sentence had been passed, a wide-spread impression prevailed that it could never be carried out. For, on petitions being presented in favor of Maguire, and on inquiries made as to him, it was demonstrated that the witnesses had sworn falsely, the judge erred, and the jury blundered. Hence none could admit the supposition that, in such circumstances, the execution could take place. However, that Government should have no excuse, petitions for clemency poured in. That from Dublin, signed by the Cardinal Archbishop, urged that there was convincing reason to believe that young Allen was not the person who shot Brett, even accidentally. That person, it is said, escaped to America. Other petitions were sent from various parts of the country. A most remarkable movement was made in England. The Reform League pleaded in their favor. But besides this the fair-minded, intelligent artizans of England met in their masses and resolved to send a deputation to the Home Secretary and to the Queen. Fifty of them were delegated from a mass meeting at Clerkenwell, and waited on the Home Secretary. He refused to see them; just as he had refused to postpone the trial; just as a change of venue was refused, Sturdily was he met. Mr. Finlan, an Englishman, the leader of this English deputation, caused them to enter the official's antechamber, there, taking the chair, he resolved them into an indignarion meeting, and passed a severe vote of censure on his conduct. A still greater meeting was held, of from twenty to thirty thousand, on Clerkenwell green, and a deputation sent to the Queen, appealing to her for mercy. Mercy she showed none; refusing even to receive them. But three members of the aristocracy avowed their more merciful views: Lord Hobart, in a London paper, Lord Bellew, in an Irish paper, and the right noble the Dowager Marchioness of Queensbury, who sent the prisoners a letter with an enclosure of one hundred pounds.

At length the day came when the deed was to be consummated, and no hand of mercy moved to save the lives of the condemned. Even Gladstone, who whined over the Neapolitan dungeons, stretched forth his hand to his Tory colleague to help up the hangman on the scaffold. Troops were concentrated upon Manchester, official barricades were erected, and a quantity of roughs bribed to act as special constables. In all the Catholic churches during the week prayers had been offered up for the prisoners, and now, on the morning of the day of death, a solemn service at every altar.

Darkly it came at last, that day. A heavy fog shrouded the land, as if to spare the victims the loathsome sight of the savage scene. They had bidden adieu to such of their friends as had been allowed to see them, for the authorities were consistent to the last, and turned roughly away many even of their kin who applied for admittance to take a last adieu. In prison, the victims had been assiduous in their religious devotions; calm, patient, and resigned to what they considered as a martyrdom. An observer details the last scene in these words:

"The preparations for the execution were completed at a quarter to eight, and the three men were in readiness to meet their fate. At that time the interior court of the goal presented a strange and striking spectacle. Behind the wall in New Bailey street was erected a long staircase leading to the scaffold, and by its side were platforms for the use of the military. The fog was so dense that objects could be but faintly distinguished at a distance of thirty yards. Suddenly the words of military command were heard, and a company of the 72d Highlanders marched round the Round-house, and took up a position in line at the foot of the staircase. Simultaneously small detachments of the same regiment ascended to the platform, and crouched there, with their loaded rifles slightly projecting over the prison wall. At almost the same moment the heads of a line of soldiers arose above the parapet of the railway viaduct. A line of warders was formed in the goal court. At three minutes past eight o'clock the solemn service of a minister repeating the Litany for the Dying was heard; and the head of the procession became visible through the thick fog, about thirty yards from the foot of the staircase. The Rev. Canon Cantwell walked first, by his side came Allen. He walked with a steady step, and answered the responfe to the Litany, "Jesus, have mercy upon us," in a firm voice. His pale, strongly marked young features, and firmly cut jaw, betrayed no emotion whatever, except those befitting the time and place. There was the abiding patience and the true Christian in all his appearance—of the man who having fittingly prepared to meet his God, was superior to pain. He was not defiant—only courageous. In his hand he carried a crucifix, which he frequently kissed, with devoted fervor. After him came Larkin, who bore himself well, though the memory of his desolate wife and little children made his step less firm than that of O'Brien, who followed him."

About five minutes past eight o'clock the door leading from the jail yard to the scaffold was opened, and the same instant almost every head in the crowd was uncovered. Allen was the first to appear. He still carried the crucifix. Calcraft at once placed the white cap over his face and adjusted the rope. Meanwhile the unhappy youth continued in fervent prayer. Then followed O'Brien, who walked with a firm step. On coming to the drop he shook hands with Allen, bent down and kissed his right cheek, and gave one compassionate look of consolation at Larkin. He too, was forthwith capped and placed in the noose. Larkin was the last to mount the scaffold, which he did with firmness, and, indeed, with a smile upon his face, and, like the others, he submitted unresistinglo to the hideous preliminaries. They all joined loudly and earnestly in responses, "Jesus, have mercy upon me." "Jesus, receive my soul."

And in another minute all was over. The silver fillet was rended; the golden bowl was broken; life was taken from those to whom God had given it, and their liberated souls returned to Him who made them. They had ventured their lives to save the lives of two fellow-creatures, aspiring thereby to serve their country. To the law of England they became forfeit; but the Almighty God sees the heart, and judges not according ro the blind and bloody codes of man.

The people of England, by vast funeral processions, in London, Manchester, and Birmingham, refused to recognise them in any other light than that of martyrs; the people of Ireland will regard them, it has been declared, as they as do Emmet, Tone, and Lord Edward Fitzgerald.

"Flag of the free—heart's only hope,
Wave, wave forever on!"

IRISH NEWS

SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1868.

Our traveling correspondent's letter, editorial, San Francisco items, and a mass of general correspondence—held over to next issue.

Our new subscribers at the coal mines, and elsewhere, who subscribed for our paper on our recent visit, will all receive their papers.

Subscribers in arrears will do us a favor by sending us at least five dollars and as much more as each one may feel indebted to our paper.

DUBLIN, January 19.—The police of Limerick made a seizure of guns and ammunition found at the shops of that city, to put them out of the reach of the Fenians.

Dr. Waters, editor of the Dublin Irishman, has been arrested.

LONDON, January 19—Arrests of suspected parties continue. A man nrmed Marratt was arrested at Glasgow on the charge of having fired the fuse at Clerkenwell.

A Fenian manifesto was found posted on the wall of the Mansion House this morning. No clue to the perpetrator. The boldness and audacity of the Fenians, in the face of the vigorous measures for their repression, causes much uneasiness.

The following is Mr. John Mitchel's letter declining the Presidency of the Fenian Brotherhood in America:

Gentlemen,—The tender you have made to me of the Presidency of the re-united Fenian Brotherhood, though it has embarrassed me, could not fail to be gratifiing, on two accounts—first, that it proves confidence in me personally, and next, that it marks the moment of a reconciliation between two bodies of patriotic Irishmen, having the same great object in view. On this reconciliation, brought about mainly by your own efforts, gentlemen, allow me to congratulate you.

But after sufficient time taken for consideration, after reading the "Constitution," and holding some conversation with leading members of both organizations, I must beg leave respectfully to decline the honor and responsibility which they would pay me the compliment of imposing on me. And I have the less regret in coming to this conclusion as i cannot be said to throw any obstacle in the way of a re-union of our countrymen. That re-union is already effected, with a provision of electing a President in case of any refusal

It is useless to enter here into any account of the various reasons (some of a public, some of a private nature), which compel me to decline. My countrymen know very well that I have the fullest sympathy with the *object* of Fenianism—that is the destruction of British power in Ireland; and therefore I expect that they will give me credit for valid reasons, without my entering into detail.

With thanks for your courtesy, gentlemen, in the execution of your mission, and assurances of respect for you personally

I have the hynor to be,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN MITCHEL.

The following extraordinary statement appears in the correspondence of an English paper: "Admiral Tegethoff, of the Austrian navy, is now en route for home with what he believes to be the body of the unfortunate Maximilian. My connection with the Mexican agents in this country forbids my entering into minutiae, but I can assert that the remains which will be honored by Austria are not those of the ill-fated scion of the House of Hapsburg, but of Homero, a noted bandit and guerilla who, in life, was not unlike poor Maximilian. The latter is pining in an obscure dungeon at Queretaro, fed with felon's food, and awaiting the arrival of welcome death. The night before his supposed execution, Juarez, uncertain of his own success in seeking the Presidency and perhaps unwilling to imbrue his hands in royal blood, had the noble captive conveyed by stealth to a secret den, and substituted in his stead the ruffian Hamero, hoping, had he not succeeded in his political aspirations, to have made a fortune by delivering him safely to Austria."

The Desmoines (Iowa) Register says: "Many of our readers will recollect the circumtances that when the news of Lincoln's assassination reached Indianola it was reported that a Mrs Patterson of that city expressed great delight at the fiendish occurrence; and that 22 Union ladies of Indianola assembled and forced Mrs. P. to carry the American flag through the streets, to shout for the Union, and to declare that she loved it. The woman afterwards brought suit against the ladies for $10,000 damages. The case has been on trial at the Clarke County Court during the past week. The jury at our latest advices were still "hanging" for a verdict.

J. J. Du Prat obtained a judgment against James Lick, in the Twelfth District Court, yesterday, for $16,000 damages for injuries sustained by falling through the sidewalk in front of defendant's property on Washington street. This is, we believe, the largest amount of damages obtained for personal injuries in the State, except in the case of Judge Heslep against C M. Weber, of Stockton, when $20,000 was obtained.

The English papers are filled with acounts of the Fenian excitement. Great numbers of detective police have been sent out on duty into different parts of London, as well as into nearly every part of the metropolitan district. The South Kensington Museum, the British Mtseum, the gas factories, the powder magazines in Park, those of Dartford, Faversham and Hounslow, are all protected by officers of the police and military. Along the river every barge and ship is carefully examined. Eetective officers have also been sent to the stations of the various railways, and the telegraph is kept in constant operation in forwarding descriptions of suspected persons traveling by the lines. A full description is now sent round of the who fired the powder barrel at Clerkenwell Prison. The "London Committee of the Irish Republican Brotherhood" have sent to the papers a letter emphatically disclaiming any connection, direct or indirect, with the Clerkenwell murders, and pledging themselvos to do their ut most to discover the criminals and to "make them amenable to their laws." The Committee say that "from inquiries set on foot immediately the terrible news reached us, we have reason to believe that it has been the deed of individuals acting from personal motives and impelled to do it by one whom, if our suspicion be verified, we shall execute without compunction." The Orangemen of Liverpool have also issued a "local proclamation," pledging themselves to aid the local civil authorities.

Clerkenwell Prison, which the Fenians have attempted to blow up, is situated in Clerkenwell, one of the most populous parishes of London. It is a brick building, surrounded by a wall twenty feet high, with an entrance in the centre, approached by a wide drive, some fifty feet deep, from the outer wall. The houses facing the front of the prison are not more than forty feet distant, and are inhabited by the working classes, many being journeymen watchmakers or jewellers. Clerkenwell, for many years, has been noted for the vast number of artificers, devoted specially to these trades, residing within its limits. The back of the jail overlooks Cold Bath Fields—or what used to be the name before they were built up celebrated as the chosen spot for Radical meetings in the time of Thistlewood, "Radical Hunt," and others, in later days, conspicuous as Radical leaders, several of whom after had to suffer within a few feet outside of them. If the front wall was the place where the Feuians made the attempt, (and it must have been there or at the back, as residences stand close to the wall at each end,) the residences could but be heavy sufferers by the explosion. They consisted of ordinary brick houses, not at any time too strong, built for occupied by working people. They were three stories high, and crowded with occupants, each story having at least one family, and sometimes more.

Most of the English papers, as well as the loyal Irish, lay a large part of the blame of their misfortunes on America. "American rowdyism is the stamp upon the deed," say the Telegraph. Such things are not English nor Irish, only as the Irish have been corrupted by bad associations in America. Nothing is more common than to hear Englishmer say that there would have been none of this trouble but for the Americans—as if America had compelled them to convert Ireland into a volcano of revolution. The sole comfort is that "all Ireland is not Fenian. Were all Ireland Fenian at heart," says the Telegraph, "we should have no alternative but to stamp down the sedition with the heel of military power, or to give the countay its independence."

The Morning Post contemplates no such possible alternative, for it looks upon this as "a more unjustifiable rebellion than almost any other recorded in history, because the government against which it is directed is one of the mildest and just, and therefore best, in the world."

The Coroner's jury, in the case of Terence Murphy, carpenter of the ship Cleopatra, who was found off Meiggs' wharf several days since, returned a veadict that he came to his death by drowning, but whether accidentally or through feul means, they were unable to say.

The celebrated tobacconist of New York City, who died a few days ago, left to his heirs $15,000,000.

The Senate of the Fenian Brotherhood met at the Headquarters, No 10 West Fourth street, New York, on Friday, December 27th, pursuant to adjournment, but no business of any moment was transacted. A communication having been received by President Roberts, from Mr. John Savage, stoting that he desired to have an extension of time until Monday, as the gentleman whom he desired to recommend as representatives of his party had not arrived in New York, an adjournment took place until Tuesday morning, when the Senate will be in full session, which will probably continue for several days.

At the High Mass celebrated for the repose of the souls of Allen, O'Brien, and Larkin, in the cathedral chapel of Kanturk, county of Cork, sixteen Roman Catholic ecclesiastics, from all the country parishes round, took part, headed by the Very Rev. P. D. O'Regan. The day was observed by the farming and laboring population as a general holiday. The chapel, specially fitted up for the occasion, was hung with dark cloth, and the altar had upon it a catafalque with deep black coverings. After high mass had been sung, the Rev. Alexander Morrissey bearing aloft a cross, came forth from the vestry, and took his place beforr the catafalque, the other clergymen around chanting the "Memento," and prayers for the dead. "The very Rev. Resident," according to the Cork Examiner, "addressed the congregation in brief but earnest words, reminding them of the faithful dead, for whose eternal repose they had gathered to petition the Almighty, and calling on all to join in asking the merciful God to have pity on their souls." The congregation audibly responded. Notices had been posted in the town calling on the population to "testify their sentiments by a strong attendance." The same ceremonial was performed in Youghal on Saturday, with the addition of a procession of priests and acolytes round the church and into the building where, in the centre, a coffin was placed, with black covering. Round this the ecclesiastics gathered, and chanted the burial service of the Roman Catholic Church. In Bandon also a procession was attempted, but did not succeed so well as elsewhere.

At a late Kilmallock petty sessions, Robert Ringfield, painter and glazier, was charged with assaulting Sub-constables Daltan and Davis, in the chapel at Killmallock, and was fined £2 10s., or in default to be imprisoned for one month. The affair arose out of a dispute about a pew in the chapel.

A correspondent of the Irish Times says:—I have just heard that Mr. J. Moore, proprietor of the hotel at Polaphucha, whilst returning home from Ballymore, lost his way in the dark, and drove his horse and car over the precipice at the Waterfall. He was found dead this morning.

The bullet which Police-Sergeant Kelly was shot has been extracted by Doctor Butcher from between Kelly's seventh and eighth ribs. It is now expected that he will recover.

While poor factory girls are having their wages reduced from four to three dollars per week, we read that Mr. Stewart, the great millionaire and dry goods king in the city of New York, during his recent visit to Europe, was unable to find silks of a sufficiently costly fabric for the American market, in consequence of which he gave orders at Lyons for the manufacture of silks of the most gorgeous material and richest embroidery. Five such dresses, it is reported, he sold in one day, at $450 each, to the upper tendom of New York, the great Babylon of the Atlantic. Belts to correspond were disposed of at thirty and forty dollars each. Details respecting genuine Havanas, favorite brands of champagne, trotting horses, and racing books, are postponed, like piety, to a more convenient season. It is the ladies who ought to do all the economizing.

The excess of arrivals at San Francisco, by sea, during the past year, has been upwards of fifteen thousand over departures, and the tide is likely to be swelled during the coming year by the reduced cost of passage resulting from the competition of steamship lines. The railroad will soon afford the facilities for which thousands are waiting to enable them to reach the Pacific coast, and we shall have immigration pouring in sufficiently fast without the agency of a tax burdersome bureau.

An Eastern exchange remarks: The longevitv of the learned men of France is remarkable. M. Vinet, is 89; M. de Segar, 86: De Pongerville, 76; Lebrun, 82; Villemain, 76; Lamertine, 76; Flourens, 78; Guizot 79; Thiers 69; Berryer, 74; Duke de Broglie, 82. The circumstances most favorable to longevity among brain workers is the spending of a considerable portion of early life in out-door activity, travel and the like, and then by a temperate and plain mode of living the brain will work advantageously until past four score years

Among the latest arrivals at Saratoga are two young ladies from Havana, known as the "Charms of Cuba," and wearing diamonds to the value of $20,000.

Negotiations for a lease of the Bay of Samana are completed, and will be laid before the Senate.

It appears that, on January 21st, the baggage of George Francis Train, and Thomas C. Durant, who was also a passenger on board the Scotia, was subjected to a rigorous examination; nothing of a seditious character being found, both were permitted to go ashore, but both were arrested immediately upon landing. Nothing being elicited to warrant further arrest, both were discharged, but both were arrested again soon after reaching their hotel. Upon the completion of the second examination Durant was discharged, but Train was sent in custody to the Cork jail. On Saturday he was brought before the Court and re-examined, but remanded until Monday, the 27th. Meantime the case creates considerable excitement, and the newspapers are reprinting Train's speeches, as forma sort of justification for his arrest.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—In the Senate, Mr. Conness offered a resolution setting forth the recent arrest of American citizens in England, and directing the President to cause an investigation, and if such persons be found guilty of no overt act, to demand their immediate release, and, if necessary, to call out such portion of the land and naval forces as are necessary to enforce the demand. The resolution was laid on the table, and Mr. Conness gave notice that he would call it up at an early day.

NEW YORK, January 20.—Washington specials say the State Department will demand the instant surrender of Train and all American citizens who have not absolutely violated English law. It is believed that the English Government will make immediate reparation.

It is reported in diplomatic circles that the British Legation has positive information that Train went to Ireland for the purpose of being arrested, to make a test question as to the right of England to arrest citizens of the United States for language not used on English soil.

Gen. Grant has received a large number of communications from officers on duty in the South relative to suffering among the people of that section, and other papers of similar import have been received by Gen. Howard, by whom the subject was referred to the latter for a report which was to-day received at headquarters. Gen. Howard says the fall in the price of cotton and the loss of crops by rain and caterpllars have produced depression and anarchy in some sections, and he thinks it probable that there will be some suffering in portions of South Carolina, Mississippi and Louisiana, and in small sections of several other States, though he is confident that now, as last year, the distress greatly exaggerated.

The trial of the case of Henry Hamil vs. Father H. P. Gallagher, was commenced in the Fifteenth District Court, before a jury to-day, and is not yet concluded. The complaint charges that, on the 27th day of February, 1867, the defendant, who is pastor of a Catholic church in this city, made an assault on the plaintiff, striking him on the eye, and causing injuries that resulted in impairing his sight, and otherwise injuring him; that in consequence of these injuries he was rendered incapable of attending to his usual vocation for a long time, and was put to great expense for medical attendence. Father Gallagher denies all the allegations of the complaint, and avers that on the date above mentioned, as he was walking inside his own inclosure, passing from the church to nis residence, the plaintiff, Hamil, assaulted him, and with force and arms pulled him a considerable distance; that he threatened him with further violence and would have badly beaten him if he had not immediately defended himself; and that he thereupon, to preserve the peace, gently laid his hands on Hamil, as he lawfully might, using no more force and violence than was necessary to compel the plaintiff to desist. Hamil is an Irishman, of very stout physique. He lays his damages at fifteen thousand dollars.

The Oakland Journal says: A gentleman and his family came near being fatally poisoned a few days ago, by eating pies made from pie-plant that had been kept preserved in tin cans. The acid of the plant combined with the metal, and the contents of the can were blackened, but it was not supposed at the time that anything poisonous had been evolved. The symptoms were vomiting and violent pains in the stomach. Persons preserving acidulous fruits should be careful and not put them in cans made of such metals as would combine with the acid.

When a new City Hall comes to be built in San Francisco, ten years from now, Yerba Buena Cemetery will be then, and probably for all time to come, the natural and central location for the City Hall; that it should be reserved for that purnose, immediately graded and enclosed, appropriately laid out, and planted with trees. The erection of a City Hall in the centre of this ground will never deprive it of its park character. In this way we shall have a City Hall embowered in a park, remote from noise, as it should be, and the trees ten years old when the Hall is erected. But if the land is now given away, in 10 years it will be worth $200,000.

It is understood that a bill is to be introduced in the Legislature to levy a special tax—for sanitary and police purposes—upon all Chinese residing in this State. A writer for the State Capital Reporter, demonstrates the right of the Legislature to levy such a tax, and fortifies himself with quotations from the decisions of the United States Supreme Court, and from other authorities. We have long advocated such a measure, believing it to be Constitutional and just. The Chinese are a nuisance to the State; their presence here keeps out a more desirable and homogenous population, their earnings are not used to improve the country, and it is a wise policy to exercise all power to discourage their migration hither. By levying upon them a reasonable tax, of say $12, or more, per head, per annum, we not only exact a very small price for the privileges they enjoy, but compel them to contribute to the support of the police and sanitary measures which their presence in our midst renders necessary. Such a tax would also tend to discourage their immigration—a result greatly to be desired. There being fifty thousand Chinese in the State, a tax of $12 per head would realize $600,000 for the State and County Treasuries. We trust this subject will receive the earnest consideration of the Legislature, and that that body will take some such action as that proposed.—[Daily Call.

The Call's Washington correspondent says of the Nation's capital: "Rents are higher in Washington than in San Francisco. Board in hotels, with quite inferior room, four dollars and a half per day; without room, ten dollars per week. A good single room, board, fire and lights, can be obtained in private families for sixty-five dollars per month. Real estate is very high. The present population of the city is over one hundred thousand, and increasing very rapidly. The place will become, in time, a very pleasant city. Since the war, style has given way to utility, and economy is fearlesely practised. Smaller houses, fewer servants, less carriage Shoddy, of course, is inevitable vulgar people are everywhere, but the substantial people, the workers and thinkers, have not only the good sense to live within their means, but better than that, have the good sense and noble courage to act out the convictions of their hearts, that simplicity is eleganee, and economy a Christiau virtue; that mere display, either in house, equipage, or attire, is sheer vulgarity and savageism. I am very proud of San Francisco in this regard. I believe there is less vulgar display, more well dressed people, and modest. comfortable houses in your city, than in any other of its size and wealth in America."

About twenty-four thousand oxen are killed each week to supply the city of New York with meat. The bone known as the "shin bone," and all the leg, from the knee to the hoof, falls into the hands of Mr. Peter Cooper. He contracts with the butchers and market men to supply him, and in this way about 100,000 shin bones per week find their way to his establishment. All the muscles are taken from them, the gluten is extracted, and the clean white bone is left to be worked up into parasol handles. In this way Cooper has made an immense fortune, and many ladies who supposed they were admiring a beautiful carved ivory handle to their sun shades, riding whips, etc., have only been gazing on the shin bone of an ox; the very animal, perhaps, that supplied them with their morning's beefsteak.

London, Jan. 21.—Train has been discharged from arrest. He has telegraphed to his friends in America that he had just been released on the intervention of Minister Adams. Train has brought suit against the British Governmeut for £100,000 damages.

VIENNA, January 19.—The remains of Maximilian arrived last night from Trieste, and were met at the depot by a vast crowd of people.

London January 20th.—The Fenians are reported to have attacked the Martello Tower at Duncannon, Waterford County, on Friday; on particulars.

London, January 33.— Charles Kean, the tragedian, died to-day, at the age of fifty-seven.

The foreign vote of New York is 80,000; the native, 52,000. During the year of 1866, over 55,000 males old enough to vote were arrested for crimes.

London, January 16.—A man, believed to be Deasey, who was rescued at Manchester, has been captured in Ireland. The Government is very active in arresting Fenians.

Trieste, January 16.—The fleet with the remains of Maximilian has arrived. Great preparations are being made for the funeral ceremonies.

London, January 16.— It is reported that the British Minister to Austria and Lord Clarendon have gone to Rome to request the Pope the use of his influence with the people of Ireland to suppress the Fenian trouble.

An eccentric man in Bath, Maine, was asked to aid a foreign mission. He gave twenty-five cents, but stopped the agent as he was departing and said: "Here's a dollar to pay the expense of getting the quarter to the heathen."

THE WAIWODE.

BY MRS. W. R. WILDE.

Secretly by night returning,
Jealous fears within him burning,
The Wiawode seeks his young wife's bed
And with trembling hand, uncertain—
Backward draws the silken curtaid—
Death and vengeance—she has fled

With a frown like tempest weather,
Fierce he knits his brows together,
Tears his beard in wrathful mood—
Roars in thunder through the castle
Summoning each trembling vassal,
"Oh there! slaves—ye devil's brood!

"Who left the castle gate unguarded?
The hound is slain—some hand unbarred it
Quick! prepare ye sack and cord;
My arms here, fellows—loaded, ready.
Now slave, your pistols, follow—steady—
Ha, traitress! thou shalt feel this sword."

Close in the murky shaddows hiding
Slave and master onward gliding,
Reach the garden. There indeed,
Listening to the soft appealing
Of a youth before her kneeling,
Stands she in her white Naridd.

Thro' the marble fountains playing,
Passion's words they hear him saying—
"How I love thee! yet thou'st sold
All thy beauty's glowing treasures,
All thy soft hand's tender pressures
For this Waiwode's cursed gold.

"How I loved, as none can love thee—
Waited, wept—if tears could move thee—
Ah! and is it thus we meet?
He ne'er strove through tears and troubles
Only charged his silver roubles
And—thou fellest at his feet.

"Yet once more through night and storm
I ride to gazed upon thy form,
Touch again that thilling hand;
Pray that peace may rest upon thee
In the home that now has won thee,
Then for ever fly this land."

Low she bendeth o'er him weeping,
Heeds not stealthy footsteps creeping,
Sees not jealous eyeballs glare.
"Now, slave, steady. Fool, thou tremblest,
Vengeance if thy heart dissemblest—
Kill her as she standeth there."

"O, my lord and master, hear me—
Patience yet, so much I fear me
I shall never aim aright.
See, the bitter night wind's blowing
Numbs my hand, and brings these flowing
Icy tears to dim my sight."

"Silence! thou accursed Russian,
Hold—I'll guide the pistol's motion;
Seest thou not her gleaming brow?
So—steady, straight before thee—higher,
When I give the signal, fire—
Darker doom awaits him—now!"

A shot, a groan, and all is over—
Still she standeth by her lover;
'Tis the Waiwode falleth dead!
Was ever known such sad disaster!
The bungling slave hath shot his master
Straight and steady thro' the head.

MATTERS MATRIMONIAL.

"Father, where is our Jamie to-night—
Jamie so bold and so gay?
The twilight shaddows are falling now,
Why does he stay away?
Jamie is handsome and manly too,
And he will be good and great;
But, father, why is our darling boy
A-staying away so late?"

A blush crept over her withered cheek,
Her eyes shone clear and mild,
No longer she chided the lovely maid
For winning away her child;
She thought of the long ago, when she
Stood close to her lover's side
In the little church, and the man of God
Made her a happy bride.

"Our noble boy is a child no more,
He has grown to man's estate;
He has gone a courting Minnie Gray,
The reason he stays so late;
For her golden hair and her eyes of blue
Have stolen his heart away,
And he goes in the holy twilight hour
A-wooing sweet Minnie Gray."

"Why does the maiden lure him away,
Now we are growing so old?
And we have shielded him all his life,
Our love has never grown cold;
The maid can never love as we
Have loved him all these years,
Who have led him along the path of life,
Sharing his smiles and his tears."

"But, Millie, remember, long years ago,
When I was handsome and gay,
And you a maiden fair and sweet,
That you stole my heart away,
I had a father old and gray,
And a mother kind and true,
Who loved me kindly all my life—
But my heart went out with you."

BALANCE SHEET

....OF....

CALIFORNIA BUILDING AND LOAN SOCIETY,

....FOR....

Six months ending Oct. 31st, 1867.

ASSETS:

Loans on Moragages		$ 937,804 27
Loans on Sundries		10,534 46
Bank premises		60,000 00
Insurance Stocks		27,556 00
Furniture		685 00
Cash in Coin		40,796 80
Cash in City San Francisco Bonds,		60,020 00
		$1,127,376 53

LIABILITIES.

To Depositors	$1, 08,614 55	
Surplus to secure Depositors	118,761 98	
		$1,127,376 53
The above Surplus is formed by Capital paid up		$82,848 00
Surplus Fund, after deducting all expenses of management, Dividend and Interest		35,913 89
		$118,761 98

State of California, City of San Francisco, ss. THOMAS MOONEY, President, and HENRY V. HERBERT, Secretary, of the California Building and Loan Society, and Henry Boyle, John Rae Hamilton, and J J Toomey, Accountants of said Society, being duly sworn each for himself says, that the foregoing statement is true and correct, to the best of their knowledge and belief, according to the Books of said Society.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-first day of January, A. D 1868.

THOMAS MOONEY, President.
H. HERBERT, Secretary.
HENRY BOYLE,
JOHN RAE HAMILTON,
J. J. TOOMEY, Accountants.
J. W. McKENZIE,
Notary Public.

ja25

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY OUR REPORT'R

Wholesale prices only.

FLOUR $6 50 to $8 00
WHEAT, $2 62 to $2 70 per 100.
BARLEY, $1 80 to $1 87
OATS, $1 80 to $1 85 per 100 lbs
Corn, $2 25 to $2 00 per 100 lbs
Rye, $1 75 per 100 lbs
POTATOES, at $1 25 to 1 50c;
BUTTER, Choice to prime roll of California Dairy, 45c to 50c per lb.
Butter (old) in brine, 30c to 37c
Eggs, 50c to 00c per dozen.
LARD, in 10-lb tins, at 11c per lb
CHEESE. From 20c to 22c per lb.
Beef, 9c to 11c per lb.
Veal, 0c to 12c per lb.
Mutton, 9c to 5c.
Lamb, 10c to
Pork, 0 to 9c per lb.
Hens, $7, chickens $7 per dozen.
Ducks, $7 00 to $00 per dozen.
Geese, $16 to $00 per dozen.
Turkeys, 16c per lb.
Hay, $17 50 to $23 per ton.
Bacon, 12c to 13c per lb.
Hams, 13c. to 14 for California.

REGULATIONS.

The undersigned, to save much correspondence, would state the conditions on which deposits will be received by the California Building and Savings Bank, from the 1st day of January, 1868, to the 31st day of December, 1868:

First—Interest at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, clear of all city, State and Federal taxes, will be paid on all deposits which shall be 30 days in the Bank

Interest will be allowed on money from the date of its deposit, but no interest for fractional parts of a month.

No fees for pass-books or entrances.

Second—Interest, if required, will be paid quarterly in San Francisco, or in any of the interior towns of the Pacific States. Also, in New York, London, Dublin, Paris and Hamburg.

Deposits may be withdrawn at any time on giving thirty days' notice, and will, if required, be forwarded in gold coin, to any place designated by the depositor. If interest be not drawn it will compound every six months.

Third—"Commercial Deposits" received to be checked for at sight, on which interest at the rate of one half per cent. per month will be allowed, in quarterly settlements, on the average daily balance.

Fourth—Children's "Endowment Deposits" received under special conditions. By the present rate of Dividend on this class, such deposits double by compound interest every five years. One hundred dollars so deposited will come to nearly three thousand dollars in twenty-five years from date of deposit.

Calculated tables may be had at the office.

Deposits may be sent by Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, or other express agencies, by letter or by postoffice order, from any part of the United States or Europe. When received at the Bank a proper voucher will be returned.

The California Building and Savings Bank is a Joint Stock Company, established in 1861; has nine Directors, and assets amounting to one million and a quarter dollars, which is loaned on city real estate. By order.

THOMAS MOONEY, President.
California street, near Sansome, San Francisco. jal 6m

Ahead of all Competition
IS
RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD
For the Pianoforte,
BEING THE
Only Book the Teacher Requires,
AND
The Book Every Pupil is Attracted to.

Its leasons are adapted to pupils of all ages, and its exercises attractive and useful in every stage of advancement. This book has, on account of its actual merit, become the standard work of Piano instruction, and the only one which every well-informed teacher and scholar uses. Price, $3,75; sent post-paid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO.,
Publisher, Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.

STAR OF THE UNION
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS!

These delicious stomach Bitters are entirely Vegetable, and free from alcohol and every hurtful ingredient. A pleasant tonic, and a most agreeable drink. The market is flooded with poisonous compounds; but THESE bitters, made from the purest extracts of valuable roots, barks and herbs, are admirably adapted to the cure of all affections of the Stomach, Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, such as Dyspepsia, Fever, Diarrhœa, Loss of Appetite, etc, etc. For sale everywhere.

TRY THEM! TRY THEM! TRY THEM!

JUDGE FOR YOUR SELF!

A. FENKHAUSEN, SOLE MANUFACTURER,
cor Sansome & Jackson, San Francisco

THE MUSIC BOOK,
For the Young Folks at Home,
IS
MERRY CHIMES:

containing Elementary Instructions, Attractive Exercises, and Several Hundred Popular Songs.

This New Book will be found Superior to All Similar Works, in many points essential to a popular Instruction Book in Vocal Music and Collection of Melodies for the Young.

FORTY EDITIONS have already been published, and the demand continues unabated. Many of the Songs have been written expressly for the work, and none of the songs are old and time worn—sung through a dozen books, but New and Sparkling. Adapted to All Occasions, and Alive with the Spirit of the Times. Price 60 cts. Sent postpaid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
277 Washington street, Boston.

H. BUSH IS IN THE FIELD AGAIN—

Give me a PICTURE that is true,
A beautiful position, too,
A fair complexion, clear and bright—
A little smile, and that's all right.

Give me a picture that will stand
A journey over sea and land;
And that will shine by day and night,
A little smile, and that's all right.

Make not the shadows very black;
Be careful, make the eyes correct;
So recollect and pay attention;
A little smile once more I'll mention.

Place hands and head as you think best
In harmony with all the rest;
But mind, give me the latest style;
Three-quarter face—a little smile.

Give me the colors that are bright;
Put on the lips a "little mite,"
And on the cheeks a little too—
Be careful, make the picture true.

Then go and take your perspective,
And give the figure strong relief;
But let me know before you start
Please don't give me a broken heart.

Be sure and make my drapery black;
Put in my eyes a little speck;
Now play your music, light and shade
Give me the tone that never fades.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY IN HOTOGRAPHY has again been made by H. BUSH. It consists of his newly constructed SOLAR PRISM INSTRUMENT, the latest now in use, and which supercedes all that has been discovered. In 1858 Mr. Bush invented a similar instrument of the kind, with which he took life size Pictures, almost a wonder at that time. But the pictures would have been too costly, if he had not made an improvement on it. The pictures taken by this instrument cannot be beaten, as I will explain. First, it works with the Solar Prism light, which is a new discovery in Photography. Second, the new process is combined of such chemicals that the picture is will last forever, which has long been looked for. Third, they are distinct and well defined, with all shades, and all that is required to frame them, and if wished for, a little color can be put on, such as eyes, cheeks, etc., and they will then show a complete picture to the life. Fourth, the advantage is, that pictures can be taken from one to seven feet in length; landscapes, from one inch to feet square, very distinct. Fifth, copies can be taken from small Daguerreotypes and Ambrotypes in any size. All work is guaranteed by H. Bush. It is true that the public oftentimes inquire which pictures are the best, and what kind last longest. I will explain this in full. A good Ambrotype, taken with the best of chemicals, and properly varnished, will last longer than any other picture now in existence. They can then, at any time, be copied by the new colored in oil, pastel, or any other color wished for; but they will stand longer if even no color is put on. Many photographs have already faded, but this is no more so if they are taken by H. BUSH'S new process. The next picture to an Ambrotype is our Melainotypes; they are exceedingly beautiful, and resemble, in every respect, a good Ambrotype, and very useful to send in letters to friends, etc. Next comes the Cartes De Visite, which is almost a puzzle for many artists that are not probably acquainted with chemistry to make a decent job of it. We will not too highly speak of the durability of this kind of picture, but they will last some time if put in a close album, for which purpose they are intended—but the latest style of Cartes De Visite, taken by H. BUSH, are superior to any of them. Next comes the Stereoscopics. These are the most interesting picture for evening pastime; they are taken on paper, extra transparent glass, by H. BUSH, in the latest style, such as is the wonderful art—the wonder of the Nineteenth Century. Amen, so let it be!

N.B. Ladies and Gentlemen, please go and see H.'s prices are low, and your visit is free.
The first class of work he will give to all,
So make up your minds, and give him a call.

His Gallery is on the Corner of Montgomery and Post streets. Entrance opposite the New Masonic Hall, San Francisco. no12

SOLANO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

The above nemed springs are now open for the reception of the public, and the Proprietor in making the announcement takes pleasure in being able to state that no place of summer resort presents better accommodations or more facilities for enjoyment.

These springs are but three miles from Vallejo and five miles from Benicia, and can be reached by way of either place in two and a half hours from San Francisco, at a cost of only $2 50.

The expenses of guests at the Hotel are much lower than at similar places, and at the same time the accommodations are equal to the best.

The medicinal qualities of the waters are pronounced by the best medical authority to be unsurpassed in their benefit to invalids as a restorer of health and vigor.

The bathing accommodations are unlimited, and guests have the benefit of a large orchard and vineyard, and spacious grounds covering 100 acres. The scenery is beautiful, and climate delightful.

Families wishing to spend a week or two in the country, can find no place so near at home, or that can be reached at so small an expense in so short a time, as the Solano White Sulphur Springs.

Omnibuses are in waiting at Vallejo on the arrival of the Napa boat, which leaves San Francisco at 9 A. M., to convey passengers to the Springs.

The springs can also be reached by way of Suisun, Napa and Benicia.

jy 1 HENRY CONNOLY, Prop'r

NAPA HOTEL,

Corner of Main and First streets, NAPA CITY.

J. S. HOGAN - - Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR of this well known and favorite Hotel, begs to inform the public that he has increased his facilities for the accommodation of permanent and transient guests. The best of Board and Lodging furnished at reasonable rates.

Stages leave this House daily for all parts of the State. je3

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"DR DOHERTY is a skilful physician and honorable gentleman, any statements he makes to his patients he is sure to fulfill. That fact is the great cause of his eminent success in his profession. It is fortunate that among the many advertising physicians there is one who can be depended on."—Review.

"DR. DOHERTY'S reputation as a physician is a sufficient guarantee for the cure of any case he undertakes."—Chronicle.

"DR DOHERTY has devoted his study more particularly to chronic, specific and secret practice, and as such is now the most successful of any physician in San Francisco."—Free Press.

"DR DOHERTY'S reputation is second to no other physician on the coast in chronic and specific practice."—Mirror.

"DR DOHERTY.—Few men in the medical profession have succeeded in gaining the confidence of the public in their skill and judgment as he has."—Enquirer

DR. DOHERTY ranks as one of our most distinguished physicians, and also one of the most successful, which is now the criterian by which the medical practitioner is judged"—Echo

DR DOHERTY enjoys a more extensive practice than any physician in the State"—Ex.

Three First Premiums in 1865

WILL & FINCK.
CUTLERS.
LOCKSMITHS & BELL-HANGERS

All Kinds of Cutlery Made and Repaired. Bell-Hanging and Locksmithing Done in the Best Manner.

SQUARZA'S PUNCHES.

NATIONAL MANUFACTORY.

Established 1860

THIRTEEN FIRST PREMIUMS AWARDED TO

V. SQUARZA,

FOR HIS

ORIGINAL PUNCHES,

CORDIALS,
Anti-Dyspeptic, Hygienic Bitters, Etc., Etc.

A. BONA, Successor to V. SQUARZA

No 120 Leidesdorff street, (old 44) near

For Ladies: SELENE.

NATIONAL MANUFACTORY.—The only original Squarza's Punch Establishment and Saloon, is at 120 Leidesdorff street, (old 44), next to the corner Sacramento. Mr A. Bona is the successor of Mr. Squarza, and in every respect his saloon is as well filled with choice wines and liquors as it was while under the care of the celebrated Squarza. We can recommend Mr. Bona to the patronage of the public, as a gentlemanly saloon manager, and as deserving of patronage.

MONEY TO LOAN, on City Real Estate, Factories, Shipping, and Merchandise, for such time as may be agreed for. Deposits received in small or large sums, at interest, by the CALIFORNIA BUILDING, LOAN, AND SAVINGS BANK, California street, one door west from Sansome street.

se26 THOMAS MOONEY, President.

Strangers Visiting San Francisco can use the Burglar-Proof Vault of the CALIFORNIA BUILDING, LOAN, and SAVINGS BANK, California street, (one door from Sansome street,) for the temporary deposit of Gold Dust, Coin, Bonds, etc., at a small monthly rent, according to the value of the property deposited, for which the Company will be accountable.

THOMAS MOONEY, President.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.—We hereby offer our thanks to the BUILDERS' INSURANCE COMPANY of San Francisco for their prompt and satisfactory manner of settling IN FULL our claims for loss by fire on the morning of the 14th of June. S. LYONS.

R. J. JENKINS, $600.
JOHN W. BEARDSLEE, $1,500

Folsom, June 21, 1867

THOS. N. CAZNEAU,

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THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH.

Every Man his own Physician.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS,

.....AND.....

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Disorders of the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels.

The stomach is the great centre which influences the health or disease of the system—Abused or debilitated by excess—indigestion, offensive breath and physical prostration are the natural consequences. Affect to the brain, it is the source of headache, mental depression, nervous complaints, and unrefreshing sleep. The Liver becomes affected and generates bilious disorders, pains in the side, etc. The Bowels sympathise by Costiveness, Diarrhœa and Dysentry. The principal action of these Pills is on the stomach, and the liver, lungs, bowels and kidneys participate in their recuperative and regenerative operation.

Erysipelas and Salt Rheum,

Are two of the most common and virulent disorders prevalent on this continent, to these the Ointment is especially antagonistic, its "*modus operandi*" is first to eradicate the venom and then complete the cure.

Bad Legs, Old Sores, and Ulcers.

Cases of many years' standing, that have pertinaciously refused to yield to any other remedy or treatment, have invariably succumbed to a few applications of this powerful unguent.

Eruptions on the Skin.

Arising from a bad state of the blood or chronic diseases, are eradicated, and a clear and transparent surface regained by the restorative action of this Ointment. It surpasses many of the cosmetic and other toilet appliances in its power to dispel rashness and other disfigurements of the face.

Female Complaints.

Whether in the young or old, married or single, at the dawn of Womanhood, or the turn of life, these tonic medicines display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible in the health of the patient. Being a purely vegetable preparation, they are a safe and reliable remedy for all classes of Females in every condition of health and station of life.

Piles and Fistula.

Every form and feature of these prevalent and stubborn disorders is eradicated locally and entirely by the use of this emolient; warm fomentations should precede its application. Its healing qualities will be found to be thorough and invariable.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions,	Swelled Glands,
Burns,	Sore Legs,
Chapped Hands,	Sore Breasts,
Chilblains,	Sore Heads,
Fistula,	Sore Throats,
Gout,	Sores of all kinds,
Lumbago,	Sprains,
Mercurial Eruptions,	Stiff Joints,
Piles,	Tetter,
Rheumatism,	Ulcers,
Ringworm,	Venereal Sores,
Salt Rheum,	Wounds of all kinds,
Scalds, Skin Diseases.	

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light*. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot and box.

☞ Dealers in my well-known medicines can have Show-Cards, Circulars, etc., sent FREE OF EXPENSE, by addressing Thomas Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. oe12

THE CALIFORNIA MANUFACTURING AND COMMERCIAL CO.,

Is another of the organizations established here for the developement of our resources. The object of this Company is to aggregate capital for the purpose of being used for the promotion of manufacture, commerce, and the investment of money accumulated, in such manner as the Board of Directors shall determine. The attention of the Directors has been directed to the field where they could obtain a constant supply of material for the manufacture of carpeting, matting, sacking, cordage, cotton and linen goods, of which at least three and a half millions of dollars in value are annually imported into California from abroad. The Central American States import goods of the same character equal to half a million of dollars. The Directors have, at great trouble and expense, not only secured the exclusive control of a large portion of the raw material produced on the coast, necessary to be used for the purposes aforesaid, but they have obtained important concessions both from the Government of Nicaragua, as well as from private individuals. They have also purchased two of the best sites on the Pacific, for the purposes of the cultivation of fibres, warehousing and manufacturing purposes. One of those is known as the Hacienda of San Ramon, close to Realejo, in the Republic of Nicaragua. It contains two thousand acres of land; and at this place the Company have erected two large and substantial buildings and sheds for manufacturing, storage and dwelling houses, also mill dams and water courses of the most solid masonry, and approved construction. The other is near Virgin Bay on Lake Nicaragua. A large water wheel and shafting have been constructed at the works, and fibre mills have been erected there, which are capable of producing a superior article of hemp and fibre superior to Manilla, at the rate of seven hundred pounds per day. The company has a large quantity of this material on hand, and are able to supply the trade with any quantity which may be required. It will also supply ginned cotton, either Sea Island or long staple, at a cheaper rate than can be purchased elsewhere. Of that peculiar fibrous plant which grows in Nicaragua, known as Pita,—a rich and silky fibre which grows from eight to ten feet in height, the Company have also a constant supply. It can be used as a substitute for flax, sewing or any other thread or fabric made out of flax. The Directors call the attention of manufacturers of cloth, cotton or silk goods to examine it, as they are assured that it will become an article of great commercial value for manufacturing purposes. As the Company progresses, it is the intention of the Directors either to manufacture or to promote the manufacture of rope, cordage, sacking, matting, carpeting, linen and cotton goods; such as the wants of the company, or the probability of profit suggest. The river upon which the company's works have been constructed at San Ramon, has a fall of thirty feet of water during all seasons of the year, and a never failing supply. It is navigable to the ocean, for lighters or flat draught steamers. The soil is fertile and yields abundant crops of indigo, cacao, coffee, rice, tobacco, indian corn, sugar, hemp, flax, india rubber, and all the gums and spices known to commerce. The bays and rivers in the vicinity supply the finest fish. The forests produce the finest cedar, rosewood, lignum vitæ, ebony, and other cabinet and dye woods. This place offers the finest site on the coast for a modern town, which, for salubrity of climate, abundance of wood and water, health, and convenience, to the sea, is unsurpassed. It is on a high elevation, and affords sufficient a commodation to run twenty wills. It is twenty miles from the city of Leon, which is said to contain 35,000 inhabitatants, about fifteen miles from Chenandega, about five miles from Chichigalpa, and four from Poseitega—all towns of importance, with roads leading to them all. The company has projected such a town at this place, and proposes setting aside sites for schools, churches, etc. The land of the company fronts in the Pacific, and on a bay or harbor large enough for ships may securely ride at anchor, and close to Corinto, where the steamers of the Pacific Mail Steam Ship Company land. The Interoceanic Railway which is about to be constructed through Nicaragua, must of necessity, have its terminus here. The survey now being made for that purpose, grows this to be the case. A number of American settlers are located in the vicinity, who have all been eminently successful. The facilities for communication to this place, either internally or externally considered, are abundantly ample. The works of the Company are only one hundred miles by sea from San Juan del Sud on the Panama and Coast line of steamers on the Pacific, touch at Corinto, and the other ports of Central America; good roads, and navigation by Lakes Managua and Nicaragua, exist in the interior of the Republic; while the North American Company's steamers touch at San Juan del Sud on the Pacific, and Granada, on Lake Nicaragua. Besides this, the Government of Nicaragua has made a liberal concession to open cheap communication between San Francisco and that Republic; and this Company intends, at as early a date as possible, to put on a line of vessels to the ports of that country. The laws of Nicaragua are liberal; there is every security for life and property; the taxes are not onerous, and the Company is granted the right to import, free of duty, goods to the extent of its exports. The Company will thus be enabled to supply sugar, cotton, hemp and other fibres, and the woods of the country to this State, and also afford market for the agricultural and manufactured goods of California. The Republic abounds in mines of gold, silver, copper, cinnabar and coal, a large number of which are now worked by natives and foreign capitalists. English and French enterprise is grasping all the advantages this country affords. It is for Californians, who are more deeply interested therein, to avail themselves of the advantages which are offered them. This Company is now making a daily profit, and while it offers a greater income than could be possibly derived from any other source, it has none of the risks attending many investments. It insures divers advantages not existing in most other associations. There are no assessments on stock. It is co-operative in its character, and has the tendency to attract the working-men within its ranks. It has all the elements of a Loan and Saving Bank, with that of a Homestead Association; while it proposes to aid and assist the manufacturer; promote the commerce of the State, and develop our agricultural resources. Its Stockholders become, at once, proprietors of the richest land, and the most lucrative manufacturing business on the Pacific coast, as well as the greatest concessions. With the view of increasing their business, the Directors now offer in the market a limited amount of the Stock, and invite the attention of persons desirous of becoming subscribers, to examine the fabrics and material manufactured by the Company. Any information on the subject can be obtained at the office of the Company, on on the northwest corner of Montgomery and Washington streets, from the Treasurer, Daniel Murphy, Esq, or the Secretary, who will attend each day from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M., at the Company's office, Room No. 33, up stairs, for that purpose. Directors: Eugene L. Sullivan, Dan'l Murphy, Henry A. Cobb, R. F. Ryan, John W. Kee, Arthur Quinn, Philip Riely, Captain J. H. Blethen, Peter Warn, W. J. Brooks, Henry Gothhil, M O'Neil, Robert Foley, Henry Fisher, Dr. Sharkey, John H. Cook, Peter Dempsey, James Brook. President, E. L. Sullivan; Vice President, R. F. Ryan; Treasurer, Daniel Murphy; Secretary, Jas Finn.

WANTED, AGENTS,—$250 per month THE YEAR ROUND, OR 900 PER CENT PROFIT ON COMMISSION. We *guarantee* the above salary or commission to active, industrious agents at their own homes, to introduce an article of *indispensable utility* in every household. For full particulars call on, or address

G. W. JACKSON & CO.,
11 South street, Baltimore, Maryland.
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ASTROLOGY.

The World Astonished

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, etc., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are most qualified to pursue, and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost superna ural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologise on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secresy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair. Address MADAME H. A. PERRIGO, P. O. Drawer 193, Buffalo, N. Y.

REPARATOR CAPILLI.

Throw away your false frizzes, your switches, your wig,
Destructive of comfort, and no worth a fig:
Come aged, come youthful, come ugly and fair,
And rejoice in your own luxuriant hair.

REPARATOR CAPILLI.

For restoring hair upon bald heads, from whatever cause it may have fallen out, and forcing a growth of hair upon the face, it has no equal. It will force the beard to grow upon the smoothest face in from five to eight weeks, or hair upon bald heads in from two to three months. A few ignorant practitioners have asserted that there is nothing that will force or hasten the growth of the hair or beard. Their assertions are false, as thousands of living witnesses (from their own experience) can bear witness. But many will say, how are we to distinguish the genuine from the spurious? It certainly is difficult, as nine tenths of the different preparations advertised for the hair and beard are entirely worthless, and you have already thrown away large amounts in their purchase. To such we would say, try the Reparator Capilli; it will cost you nothing unless it fully comes up to our representations. If your Druggist does not keep it, send us one dollar and we will forward it, postpaid, together with a receipt for the money, which will be returned you on application; providing entire satisfaction is not given. Address, W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists, No. 3 West Fayette street, Syracuse, N. Y.

WHISKERS.
And MUSTACHES!

FORCED to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using DR. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in a most miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success. Names of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River street, Troy, N. Y. Sole Agents for the United States.

BEAUTY!

Auburn, Golden, Flaxen and Silken Curls,

PRODUCED by the use of Prof. DE BREUX' FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls. Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, 285 River street, Troy, N. Y. Sole Agents for the United States.

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!

CHASTELLAR'S
HAIR EXTERMINATOR!!
For Removing Superfluous Hair.

To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensible article to female beauty, is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts direct by on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair, from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only one article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

Special Notices.

Know Thy Destiny.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, etc.—This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate or written guarantee that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME D. E THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y.

Wonderful but True.

MADAME REMINGTON, the world renowned Astrologist and somambulistic Clairvoyant, while in a clairvoyant state, delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a perfect and life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, with date of marriage, occupation, leading traits of character, etc. This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can assert. By stating place of birth, age, disposition, color of eyes and hair, and enclosing fifty cents, and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, together with desired information. Address in confidence, MADAME GERTRUDE REMINGTON, P. O. Box 297, West Troy, N. Y.

Free to Everybody.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected and the forsaken beloved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail. Address P. O. Drawer, 21, Troy N. Y.

CHOICEST FAMILY FLOUR.

B. SBARBORO & BROTHER, Grocers and Wine and Tea Merchants, No. 531 Washington street, near Montgomery, have on hand a large supply of the best brands of BAKERS' AND FAMILY EXTRA FLOUR, which they guarantee, and offer for sale as yet at very low prices.

Their TEA AND WINE DEPARTMENT is conceded by all connoisseurs to be stocked with the best qualities the market affords.

Goods carefully packed and delivered promptly throughout the city, and to the steamers and cars free of extra charge. oc12tf

A CARD.

BUILDERS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATORS:

THOMAS MOONEY	NATHANIEL PAGE,
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CAPITAL:

$50,000, in 500 Shares of $100 Each

Policies issued on all classes of

FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.

METHOD OF BUSINESS

First—Low Charges.
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Third—No Lawsuits.
Fourth—All disputes which may arise are to be settled by arbitration, as may be seen by the following agreement, which is inserted on all the policies, viz:

"It is hereby agreed, by and between the Builders' Insurance Company and ——, the assured in this policy, that in case any difference shall arise touching any claim for loss or damage under this Policy, the same shall be submitted to Arbitrators—one to be chosen by the Company, and one by the assured; and in case of their disagreement, the two persons so chosen shall choose a third person—and the written award of two of the arbitrators, as to the amount of compensation for the damage sustain d, shall be final and binding on the Company and the assured, without further recourse."

President.....THOMAS MOONEY
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☞ Office in the CALIFORNIA BUILDING AND SAVINGS BANK, California street, one door from Sansome. no20

California Steam Navigation Company

Office of the Company, northwest corner of Front and Jackson sts
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Steamer CAPITAL.....Capt. E A POOLE
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One of the above steamers leave BROADWAY WHARF at 4 o'clock P. M., EVERY DAY, (Sundays excepted) for Sacramento and Stockton, connecting with light-draft steamers for Marysville, Colusa, Chico, and Red Bluff.

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Musical Instruction Without Teacher.

WINNER'S PERFECT GUIDE for the Piano, Violen, Flute, Melodeon, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Accordeon, Fife, Flageolet, and Clarionet, designed in its Lessons, Examples and Exercises to impart a Knowledge of playing without the aid of a teacher: with selections of choice Music. Price of each book 75 cents. Sent postpaid.

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Two Hundred and Fifty Easy Voluntaries and Interludes by Zundel	$3 00
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REMINGTON'S ARMORY,
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Agency for Pacific Coast, 310 Washington street, San Francisco.

On hand for sale at greatly reduced prices, Large Stock

UPWARDS OF TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND furnished the United States Government since 1861.

Army Revolver, 44-100 in Caliber.
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Repeating Pistol (Elliot pt.) No. 32 Cartridge.
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Vest Pocket Pistol, No. 22, 30 and 32 Cartridge.
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Single Barrel Shot Gun.
Revolving Rifle, 36 and 45-100 in. Caliber.
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U. S. Rifle (Steel Barrel), with Sabre Bayonet.
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☞ Our Breech Loading Arms have just been approved and adopted for military service in Europe.

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OCCIDENTAL
INSURANCE COMPANY,

Southwest corner Montgomery and California streets.

CASH CAPITAL, $300,000

THIS COMPANY INSURE AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, on Dwelling Houses and all kinds of Buildings, and on Merchandise, Household Furniture, Vessels and their Cargo while in Port, and on all other insurable property at the lowest rates.

Losses liberally adjusted and immediately PAID IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN.

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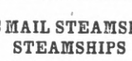
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S STEAMSHIPS

For New York, Japan and China.



Will be dispatched as follows:

LEAVE THE NEW WHARF, Corner of FIRST and BRANNAN STREETS at 11 o'clock A. M., of the following dates for PANAMA, connecting via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's splendid steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

On the 10th, 18th and 30th of each month that has 30 days.

On the 10th, 19th and 30th of each month that has 31 days.

When the 10th, 19th, and 30th fall on Sunday, they will leave on the Saturday preceding—when the 18th falls on Sunday, they will leave on the Monday following.

Steamer leaving San Francisco on the 10th, touches at Manzanillo. All touch at Acapulco.

Departure of 18th or 19th is expected to connect with French Trans-Atlantic Co.'s steamer for St. Nazaire, and English steamer for South America. Through tickets can be obtained.

Departure of 10th is expected to connect with the English steamer for Southhampton, South America and Australia, and P. R. S. Co.'s steamer for Central America. Through tickets can be obtained.

Passengers berthed through.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced surgeon on board. Medicine and attendance free.

These steamers will positively sail at 11 o'clock. Passengers are requested to have their baggage on board before 10 o'clock.

Through tickets to Liverpool by the Cunard, Inman, and National Steamship Lines can be obtained at P. M. S. S. Co.'s office, in San Francisco, where also may be obtained orders for passage from Liverpool or Southampton to San Francisco, either via New York or St. Thomas,—if desired, an amount of £10 to £20 will be advanced with the above orders. Holders of orders will be obliged to identify themselves to the Agents in England.

For Merchandise and Freight, for New York and way ports, apply to Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co.

The Steamship CHINA, Capt E. W. Smith, will be dispatched January 13, at noon, from wharf, corner First and Brannan streets, for Yokohama and Hongkong; connecting at Yokohama with the steamer COSTA RICA for Shanghai.

For passage and all other information, apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, Corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff sts. jy2

OLIVER ELDRIDGE, Agent,
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PHILADELPHIA BREWERY

Second St., near Folsom, San Francisco

HOELSCHER & WIELAND

PROPRIETORS.

THIS OLD AND FAVORITE BREWERY has a larger patronage than any other establishment in the city. The Beer manufactured here is acknowledged to be superior to any beverage of a like nature produced in the State, and is a wholesome and refreshing draught for family use. The Brewery having been recently enlarged, orders, however large, from the city or interior, can be promptly supplied. The Beer from this Establishment enjoys the reputation throughout the State which is unequalled by any, and the proprietors are determined to maintain the fame they have achieved. Families supplied with any quantity on short notice, by the wagons that daily wait on customers throughout the city.

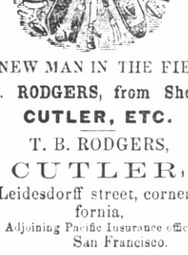
The country trade supplied on the most reasonable terms. All over the State the fame of this great Brewery is known, and also its popular proprietors.

NEW YORK RESTAURANT

Next door to Munkton's Drug Store, Carson City.

THIS RESTAURANT HAVING BEEN NEWly refited throughout, is now open from five o'clock in the morning until ten o'clock at night, and is supplied with all the luxuries the Market affords. Give me a call.

WM. P. JOY.
Proprietor.



A NEW MAN IN THE FIELD.

T. B. RODGERS, from Sheffield,

CUTLER, ETC.

T. B. RODGERS,

CUTLER,

108 Leidesdorff street, corner California,

Adjoining Pacific Insurance office,
j25 San Francisco.

SUTTER CREEK LIVERY AND FEED STABLE,

Main street, Sutter Creek, California.

THE UNDERSIGNED, respectfully informs the public that he has opened the abovenamed popular stable, and will pay strict attention to all business in his line. Carriages, Buggies, and Horses to let. Horses kept by the day or week on reasonable terms. The best of Hay and Barley kept constantly on hand to supply the wants of his customers.

el PETER FAGAN Proprietor

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NATURE UNVEILED AT THE PACIFIC MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, Montgomery street, San Francisco.

PATHOLOGICAL WONDERS at the Pacific Museum of Anatomy, Montgomery street.

WONDER OF WONDERS, to be seen only at the Pacific Museum Montgomery street.

Private MEDICAL AID.

QUICK CURES

.....AND.....

MODERATE CHARGES.

DOCTOR DOHERTY'S

Private Medical and Surgical Institute.

SACRAMENTO STREET,
Below Montgomery,
(Opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office.) Private entrance on Leidesdorff st.,
San Francisco.

Established Expressly to afford the Afflicted sound and scientific Medical Aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, cases of secresy and all sexual disorders.

To the Afflicted.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of chronic diseases of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive and Genito-Urinary Organs, and all Private Diseases, viz.: Syphillis in all its forms and stages, Seminal Weakness, and all the horrid consequences of Self-abuse; Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Nocturnal and Diurnal Emissions, Sexual Debility Diseases of the Back and Loins, Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, etc., etc.; and he hopes that his long experience and successful practice will continue to insure him a share of public patronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and successful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He uses no mercury, charges moderate, treats his patients in a correct and honorable way, and has references of unquestionable veracity from men of known respectability and high standing in society. All parties consulting him by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment and implicit secresy.

DR. DOHERTY would call attention to the following certificates, from two of his patients, who, having fully recovered their health, desire to make known their remedial agent. It will be seen their statements are fully authenticated by a notary public. The welfare of society imperiously demands their publicity, and they are given more to warn the unwary than to sound the praises of a physician, of whom hundreds of like cases can be cited, during a practice of more than fifteen years.

A CASE OF GLEET AND STRICTURE.

DR. DOHERTY—Dear Sir: I find my health so fully restored that, in common gratitude, I believe I should make you some written acknowledgement for your valuable services—particularly as as your fee was small for the work performed.

I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet, complicated with Stricture. The latter was so bad that I feared an entire stoppage of urine. Being a stranger in this city,

H. BUSH IS IN THE FIELD AGAIN--

Give me a PICTURE that is true,
A beautiful position, too,
A fair complexion, clear and bright—
A little smile, and that's all right.

Give me a picture that will stand
A journey over sea and land;
And that will—day by day and night,
A little smile, and that's all right.

Make not the shadows very black;
Be—reful, make the eyes correct;
So recollect and day attention—
A little smile once more I'll mention.

Place hands and head as you think best
In harmony with all the rest;
But mind I like me the latest style;
Three-quarter faces—a little smile.

Give me the colors that are bright;
Put on the lips a "little mite,"
And on the cheeks a little bloom—
Be careful, make the picture true.

Then go and take your perspective,
And give the figure strong relief;
But—I must know before you start,
Please don't give me a broken heart.

Be sure and make my drapery black;
Put—n my eyes a little speck;
Now play your music, light and shade
Give me the tone that never fades.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY IN HOTOGRAPHY has again been made by H. BUSH. It consists of his newly constructed SOLAR PRISM INSTRUMENT, the latest now in use, and which supercedes all that has been discovered. In 1858 Mr. Bush invented a similar instrument of the kind, with which he took his size Pictures, almost a wonder at that time. But the pictures would have been perfect, if he had not made an improvement on it. The pictures taken by this instrument cannot be beaten, as I will explain. First, I work with the Solar Prism light, which is a new discovery in Photography. Second, the new process is contained of such chemicals that the picture will last forever, which has long been needed. Third, they are distinct and well defined, with half shadows, and all that is required to frame them, and if wished for, will be guaranteed proof on, such as eyes, cheeks, etc., as they will not show a complete picture to the side. Fourth, the advantage is, that pictures can be taken from one to seven feet in length, and in size, from one to six feet square, very distinct. Fifth, copies can be taken from small Daguerreotypes and Ambrotypes in any size. All work guaranteed by H. Bush. It is true that the public oftentimes inquire which pictures are the best, and what kind last longest. I will explain this in full. A good Ambrotype, taken with the best of chemicals, and properly varnished, will last longer than any other picture now in existence. They outwear them, and any same, be copied by the new process in oil, pastel, or any other color wished for, but they will stand longer if even no color is put on. Many photographs have already faded, but this is no more so if they are taken by H. BUSH'S new process. The best picture is an Ambrotype of your Melancholy eyes; they are exceedingly beautiful, and resemble, in many respects, that of an Ambrotype, and very useful to send in letters to friends, etc. Next comes the Cartes De Visite. This is almost a puzzle for many artists that are not probably acquainted with chemistry to make a decent job of it. We will not touch slightly upon the durability of this kind of picture, for they will last some time if put in a close album, for which purpose they are intended, but the latest style of Cartes De Visite, taken by H. BUSH, are superior to any of them. Next comes the Stereoscopes. These are the most interesting pictures for evening pastimes, they are taken on paper, or trans. arent glass, by H. BUSH, in the latest style. Such is the wonderful art—the wonder of the Nineteenth Century. Ameri—ns unite it be!

So, Ladies and Gentlemen, please go and see
If his prices are low, and your visit is free.
The first class of work he will give to all,
So make up your minds, and give him a call.

His Gallery is on the Corner of Montgomery and Post streets. Entrance opposite the New Masonic Hall, San Francisco. n12

SOLANO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

The above rened springs are now open for the reception of the public, and the Proprietor in making the announcement to those persons who are able to state that the place of summer resort presents better accommodations for comfort and enjoyment.

These springs are but three miles from Vallejo, and five miles from Benicia, and can be reached by way of either place in two and a half hours from San Francisco, at a cost of only $2 50.

The expenses of guests at the Hotel are much lower than at similar places, and at the same time the accommodations are equal to the best.

The medicinal qualities of the waters are pronounced by the best medical authority to be unsurpassed in their benefit to invalids as a restorer of health and vigor.

The bathing accommodations are unlimited, and guests have the benefit of a large orchard and vineyard, and the surrounding grounds covering 100 acres. The scenery is beautiful, and combats the lightful.

Families wishing to spend a week or two in the country, can find no place so near at home, or that can be reached at so small an expense in so short a time, as the Solano White Sulphur Springs.

Omnibuses are in waiting at Vallejo on the arrival of the Napa boat, which leaves San Francisco at 9 A. M., to convey passengers to the Springs.

The springs can also be reached by way of Suisun, Napa and Benicia.

HENRY CONNOLY, Prop'r
jy 1

NAPA HOTEL,

Corner of Main and First streets,
NAPA CITY.

J. S. HOGAN - - Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR of this well known and favorite Hotel, begs to inform the public that he has increased his facilities for the accommodation of permanent and transient guests. The best of Board and Lodging furnished at reasonable rates.

Stages leave this House daily for all parts of the State. jy5

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"DR DOHERTY is a skilful physician and honorable gentleman, any statements he makes to his patients he is sure to fulfill. This fact is one great cause of his eminent success in his profession. It is fortunate that among the many advertising physicians there is one who can be depended on."—Review.

"DR. DOHERTY'S reputation as a physician is a sufficient guarantee for the cure of any case he undertakes."—Chronicle.

"DR DOHERTY has devoted his study more particularly to chronic, specific and secret practice, and as such is now the most successful of any physician in San Francisco."—Free Press.

"DR. DOHERTY'S reputation is second to no other physician on the coast in chronic and specific practice."—Mirror.

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DR. DOHERTY ranks as one of our most distinguished physicians, and also one of the most successful, which is now the criterion by which the medical practitioner is judged"—Echo

DR. DOHERTY enjoys a more extensive practice than any physician in the State"—Ex.

SQUARZA'S PUNCHES.

NATIONAL MANUFACTORY.

Established 1860

THIRTEEN FIRST PREMIUMS AWARDED TO

V. SQUARZA,

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ORIGINAL PUNCHES,

CORDIALS,
Anti-Dyspeptic, Hygienic Bitters,
Etc., Etc.

A. BONA, Successor to V. SQUARZA
No 120 Leidesdorff street, (old 44) near
For Ladies: SELENE.

NATIONAL MANUFACTORY.—The only original Squarza's Punch Establishment and Saloon, is at 120 Leidesdorff street, (old 44), next to the corner Sacramento. Mr A. Bona is the successor of Mr. Squarza, and in every respect his saloon is as well filled with choice wines and liquors as it was while under the care of the celebrated Squarza. We can recommend Mr. Bona to the patronage of the public, as a gentlemanly saloon manager, and as deserving of patronage.

☞ MONEY TO LOAN, on City Real Estate, Factories, Shipping, and Merchandise, for such time as may be agreed for. Deposits received in small or large sums, at interest, by the CALIFORNIA BUILDING, LOAN, AND SAVINGS BANK, California street, one door west from Sansome street.
se28 THOMAS MOONEY, President.

☞ Strangers Visiting San Francisco can use the Burglar-Proof Vault of the CALIFORNIA BUILDING, LOAN, and SAVINGS BANK, California street, (one door from Sansome street,) for the temporary deposit of Gold Dust, Coin, Bonds, etc., at a small monthly rent, according to the value of the property deposited, for which the Company will be accountable.
THOMAS MOONEY, President.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.—We hereby offer our thanks to the BUILDERS' INSURANCE COMPANY of San Francisco for their prompt and satisfactory manner of settling IN FULL our claims for loss by fire on the morning of the 16th of June.
A. S. LYONS.
R. J. JENKINS, $600.
JOHN W. BEARDSLEE, $1,500
Folsom, June 21, 1867

THOS. N. CAZNEAU,

Insurance Broker,

And Adjuster of Marine Losses and Averages.

MARITIME and all COMMERCIAL DOCUments and Writings drawn. Claims upon Insurers Adjusted.

Consultations upon all Insurance and Maritime Subjects.

OFFICE.—PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY'S BUILDING, No 436 California st., San Francisco.
n21

THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH.

Every Man his own Physician.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS,

.....AND.....

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Disorders of the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels.

The stomach is the great centre which influences the health or disease of the system—Abused or debilitated by excess—indigestion, offensive breath and physical prostration are the natural consequences. Allied to the brain, it is the source of bodily or mental depression, nervous faints, and incessant creeping sleep. The Liver becomes affected and engenders bilious disorders, pains in the side, etc. The Bowels sympathise by Costiveness, Diarrhœa and Dysentry. The principal action of these Pills is on the stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys participate in the beneficial restorative and regenerative operation.

Erysipelas and Salt Rheum,

Are two of the most common and virulent disorders prevalent on this continent, to these the Ointment is especially antagonistic, its "modus operandi" is first to eradicate the venom and then complete the cure.

Bad Legs, Old Sores, and Ulcers.

Cases of many years' suffering that have pertinaciously resisted Special any other remedy or treatment, have invariably succumbed to a few applications of this powerful unguent.

Eruptions on the Skin.

Arising from a bad state of the blood or chronic diseases, are eradicated, and a clear and transparent surface regained by the restorative action of this Ointment. Many of the cosmetic and other toilet applications in its power to impart freshness and other disfigurements of the face.

Female Complaints.

Whether in the young or old, married or single, at the dawn of Womanhood, or the turn of life, these tonic medicines display a decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible in the health of the patient. Being a purely vegetable preparation, they are a safe and reliable remedy for all classes of Females in every condition of health and station of life.

Piles and Fistula.

Every form and feature of these prevalent and stubborn maladies is eradicated locally and entirely by the use of this emollient; warm fomentations should precede its application. Its healing qualities will be found to be thorough and invariable.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bad Legs,	Swelled Glands,
Burns,	Sore Legs,
Chapped Hands,	Sore Breasts,
Chilblains,	Sore Heads,
Fistula,	Sore Throats,
Gout,	Sores of all kinds,
Lumbago,	Sprains,
Mercurial Eruptions,	Stiff Joints,
Piles,	Tetter,
Rheumatism,	Ulcers,
Ringworm,	Venereal Sores,
Salt Rheum,	Wounds of all kinds,
Scalds,	Skin Diseases.

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light*. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot and box.

☞ Dealers in my well known medicines can have Show Cards, Circulars, etc., sent FREE OF EXPENSE, by addressing Thomas Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. oc12

THE CALIFORNIA MANUFACTURING AND COMMERCIAL CO.,

Is another of the organizations established here for the developement of our resources. The object of this Company is to aggregate capital for the purpose of being used for the promotion of manufacture, commerce, and the investment of money accumulated, in such manner as the Board of Directors shall determine. The attention of the Directors has been directed to the field where they could obtain a constant supply of material for the manufacture of carpeting, matting, sacking, cordage, cotton and linen goods, of which at least three and a half millions of dollars in value are annually imported into California from abroad. The Central American States import goods of the same character equal to half a million of dollars. The Directors have, at great trouble and expense, not only secured the exclusive control of a large portion of the raw material produced on the coast, necessary to be used for the purposes aforesaid, but they have obtained important concessions both from the Government of Nicaragua, as well as from private individuals. They have also purchased two of the best sites on the Pacific, for the purposes of the cultivation of fibres, warehousing and manufacturing purposes. One of those is known as the Hacienda of San Ramon, close to Realejo, in the Republic of Nicaragua. It contains two thousand acres of land; and at this place the Company have erected two large and substantial buildings and sheds for manufacturing, storage and dwelling houses, also mill dams and water courses of the most solid masonry, and approved construction. The other is near Virgin Bay on Lake Nicaragua. A large water wheel and shafting have been constructed at the works, and fibre mills have been erected there, which are capable of producing a superior article of hemp and fibre superior to Manilla, at the rate of seven hundred pounds per day. The company has a large quantity of this material on hand, and are able to supply the trade with any quantity which may be required. It will also supply ginned cotton, either Sea Island or long staple, at a cheaper rate than can be purchased elsewhere. Of that peculiar fibrous plant which grows in Nicaragua, known as Pita, —a rich and silky fibre which grows from eight to ten feet in height, the Company have also a constant supply. It can be used as a substitute for flax, sewing or any other thread or fabric made out of flax. The Directors call the attention of manufacturers of cloth, cotton or silk goods to examine it, as they are assured that it will become an article of great commercial value for manufacturing purposes. As the Company progresses, it is the intention of the Directors either to manufacture or to promote the manufacture of rope, cordage, sacking, matting, carpeting, linen and cotton goods; such as the wants of the company, or the probability of profit suggest. The river upon which the company's works have been constructed at San Ramon, has a fall of thirty feet of water during all seasons of the year, and a never failing supply. It is navigable to the sea for lighters or light draught steamboats. The soil is fertile and yields abundant crops of indigo, cacao, coffee, rice, tobacco, indian corn, sugar, hemp, flax, india rubber, and all the gums and spices known to commerce. The bays and rivers in the vicinity supply the finest fish. The forests produce the finest cedar, rosewood, ligoum vitæ, ebony, and other valuable dye woods. This place offers the finest site on the coast for a modern town, which, for salubrity of climate, abundance of wood and water, health, and convenience to the sea, is unsurpassed. It is on a high elevation, and affords sufficient a commodation to run twenty wills. It is twenty miles from the city of Leon, which is said to contain 50,000 inhabitants, about fifteen miles from Chinandega, about five miles from Chichigalpa, and four from Poseltega—all towns of importance, with roads leading to them all. The company has projected such a town at this place, and proposes setting aside sites for schools, churches, etc. The land of the company fronts on the Pacific, and on a harbor where the largest ships may securely ride at anchor, and close to Corinto, where the steamers of the Pacific Mail Steam Ship Company land. The Interoceanic Railway which is about to be constructed through Nicaragua, must of necessity, have its terminus here. The survey now being made for that purpose, shows this to be the case. A number of American settlers are located in the vicinity, who have all been eminently successful. The facilities for communication to this place, either internally or externally considered, and abundantly ample. The works of the Company are only one hundred miles by sea from San Juan del Sud. The Panama and Coast line of steamers on the Pacific, touch at Corinto, and the other ports of Central America; good roads, and navigation by Lakes Managua and Nicaragua, exist in the interior of the Republic; while the North American Company's steamers touch at San Juan del Sud on the Pacific, and Granada, on Lake Nicaragua. Besides this, the Government of Nicaragua has made a liberal concession to open cheap communication between San Francisco and that Republic; and this Company intends, at as early a date as possible, to put on a line of vessels to the ports of that country. The laws of Nicaragua are liberal: there is every security for life and property; the taxes are not onerous, and the Company is granted the right to import, free of duty, goods to the extent of its exports. The Company will thus be enabled to supply sugar, cotton, hemp and other fibres, and the woods of the country to this State, and also afford market for the agricultural and manufactured goods of California. The Republic abounds in mines of gold, silver, copper, cinnabar and coal, a large number of which are now worked by natives and foreign capitalists. English and French enterprise is grasping all the advantages this country affords it as for Californians, who are more deeply interested therein, to avail themselves of the advantages which are offered them. This Company is now making a daily profit, and while it offers a greater income than could be possibly derived from any other source, it has none of the risks attending many investments. It insures divers advantages not existing in most other associations There are no assessments on stock. It is co-operative in its character, and has the tendency to attract the working men within its ranks. It has all the elements of a Loan and Saving Bank, with that of a Homestead Association; while it proposes to aid and assist the manufacturer; promote the commerce of the State, and develop our agricultural resources. Its Stockholders become, at once, proprietors of the richest land, and the most lucrative manufacturing business on the Pacific coast, as well as the greatest concessions. With the view of increasing their business, the Directors now offer in the market a limited amount of the Stock, and invite the attention of persons desirous of becoming subscribers, to examine the fabrics and material manufactured by the Company. Any information on the subject can be obtained at the office of the Company, on the northwest corner of Montgomery and Washington streets, from the Treasurer, Daniel Murphy, Esq, or the Secretary, who will attend each day from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M., at the Company's office, Room No. 35, up stairs, for that purpose. Directors: Eugene L. Sullivan, Dan'l Murphy, Henry A. Cobb, R. F. Ryan, John W. Ivee, Arthur Quinn, Philip Riely, Captain J. H. Biethen, Peter Warn, W. J. Brooks, Henry Gothhil, M O'Neil, Robert Foley, Henry Fisher, Dr. Sharkey, John H. Cook, Peter Dempsey, James Brook. President, E. L. Sullivan: Vice President, R. F. Ryan; Treasurer, Daniel Murphy; Secretary, Jas Finn.

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